



## ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪ್ರೌಢ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಮಂಡಳಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು – 560 003

KARNATAKA SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION BOARD, MALLESHWARAM, BENGALURU, 560 003

ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್.ಸಿ. ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ, ಜೂನ್ / ಜುಲೈ, 2022

S.S.L.C. EXAMINATION, JUNE / JULY, 2022

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

## **MODEL ANSWERS**

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 27. 06. 2022 ]

Date : 27. 06. 2022 ]

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 83-E (Bio)

CODE NO. : 83-E (Bio)

ವಿಷಯ : ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

Subject : SCIENCE

(ಭೌತ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ, ರಸಾಯನ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ / Physics, Chemistry & Biology )

( ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Regular Repeater )

( ಜೀವಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ / Biology )

( ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium )

[ ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80

## [ Max. Marks : 80

Qn. Nos.	Value Points PART - C				
		( BIOLOG	Y)		
XII.	Multiple choice :			4 × 1 = 4	
24.	In plants the major function of xylem is the transportation of				
	(A) water	(B)	food		
	(C) amino acids	(D)	oxygen.		
	Ans. :				
	(A) — water				1
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Qn. Nos.	Valu	Value Points			
25.	An example for positive geotropism in plants is				
	(A) growth of shoot	(B)	growth of roots into deep soil		
	(C) growth of tendrils of creepers	(D)	upward growth of roots.		
	Ans. :				
	(B) — growth of roots into deep so	il		1	
26.	Primary consumers in any food cha	in ar	e always		
	(A) carnivores	(B)	herbivores		
	(C) higher carnivores	(D)	producers.		
	Ans. :				
	(B) — herbivores			1	
27.	Part of a flower in the plant that develops into fruit is				
	(A) petal	(B)	stigma		
	(C) ovary	(D)	style.		
	Ans. :				
	(C) — ovary			1	
XIII.	Answer the following questions :		4 × 1 = 4		
28.	Which hormone inhibits the growth	of pl	ants ?		
	Ans. :				
	Abscisic acid				
29.	What is the sex of a child born by re	eceivi	ng X chromosome from father ?		
	Ans. :				
	Female child / baby girl			1	

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83-E (Bio)

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total			
30.	Nowadays Chlorofluorocarbon ( CFC ) free refrigerators are being manufactured. Why ?				
	Ans. :				
	CFC's are responsible for the decrease in the amount of ozone layer which				
	protects the earth from ultraviolet rays of sun.	1			
31.	What is 'biological magnification' ?				
	Ans. :				
	Process that involves magnification ( increase ) of the harmful chemicals at				
	different trophic levels of ecosystem.	1			
XIV.	Answer the following questions : $3 \times 2 = 6$				
32.	Mention any two effects of non-biodegradable substances on the				
	environment.				
	OR				
	Mention any two methods that reduce the problems caused while disposing				
	the wastes.				
	Ans. :				
	* These substances do not undergo natural recycling and remain inert in the environment.				
	<ul> <li>★ May harm the various members by adding into different stages of</li> </ul>				
	ecosystem / cause 'Biological magnification'.				
	★ Cause environmental pollution.				
	(Any <i>two</i> or consider relevant answer) 1 + 1	2			
	OR				
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83-E (	(Bio)
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Qn. Ios.	Value Points	Tota
	By adopting following methods :	
+	<ul> <li>Segregation of dry wastes and wet wastes.</li> </ul>	
+	Reusing of wet wastes by converting them into manures.	
+	Recycling dry wastes	
*	<ul> <li>Limiting the use of disposable materials</li> </ul>	
+	★ Following eco-friendly packagings.	
	( Consider any other relevant answers ) $4 \times \frac{1}{2}$	2
	Can the wing of butterfly and the wing of bat be considered as Analogous organs ? If yes, why ? If no, why ?	\$
A	Ans. :	
*	Yes, these structures are considered as Analogous organs. $\frac{1}{2}$	
+	<ul> <li>Because the wing of butterfly and wing of bat both are useful for flight.</li> <li>1</li> </ul>	
*	• But their basic design / origin are not same. $\frac{1}{2}$	2
	Draw the diagram showing the structure of human excretory system and abel 'ureter'.	l
A	Ans. :	
E	Excretory system in human beings :	
	Ureter	
	$1\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}$	2
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83-E (Bio)

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Qn. Nos.	Value Points						
XV.	Answer the following questions :		= 9				
35.	Exp	lain the stages of 'double circulation' of the blood in humans.					
		OR					
	Mer	ntion the events that occur during photosynthesis in plants. What	at are				
	the	methods used by plants to get rid of excretory products ?					
	Ans	5. :					
	Tra	nsportation of blood in heart :					
	i)	Oxygen-rich blood from the lungs comes to the left atrium.	$\frac{1}{2}$				
	ii)	When the left atrium relaxes and contracts then blood gets trans to left ventricle	ferred $\frac{1}{2}$				
	iii)	When the left ventricle contracts the blood is pumped out to the through aorta.	$\frac{1}{2}$ body				
	iv)	De-oxygenated blood comes from the body to the right atrium.	$\frac{1}{2}$				
	v)	As the right atrium contracts the blood get transferred to the ventricle.	right $\frac{1}{2}$				
	vi)	On contraction of right ventricle the blood go to the lung oxygenation.	$\frac{1}{2}$ 3				
		OR					
	*	Absorption of sunlight by chlorophyll.	$\frac{1}{2}$				
	*	Conversion of light energy into chemical energy / decomposite					
		water into oxygen and hydrogen molecule.	$\frac{1}{2}$				
	*	Reduction of carbon dioxide into carbohydrate.	$\frac{1}{2}$				
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) L 00		
Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Total
	Methods to get rid of excretory products in plants :	
	★ Excess of water removed by transpiration	
	$\star$ Remove oxygen and carbon dioxide gases through stomata	
	$\star$ Waste products and dead cells in vacuoles by shedding leaves / barks	
	★ Resins and gums get store in old xylem	
	$\star$ Diffusing certain wastes into surrounding soil.	
	(Any <i>three</i> points ) $3 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$	3
36.	How does uterus prepare to receive the fertilized egg in woman ? Wha	t
	happens if egg does not fertilise ? Explain.	
	Ans. :	
	★ Uterus prepares itself every month to receive fertilized egg. It makes it	s
	inner layer thick and spongy. 1	
	* If the egg is not fertilized, it lives for about one day. $1$	
	$\star$ If fertilization doesn't occur the lining slowly breaks and comes ou	t
	through the vagina as blood and mucous.	
	(Menstruation occurs) 1	3
37.	"An individual organism cannot pass the experiences acquired during it	s
	life time to the progenies of the next generation." Explain this concept with	n
	the help of an illustration.	
	OR	
	Pure 'short' pea plant is crossed with pure 'tall' pea plant. Represent the results obtained in $F_2$ generation with the help of checker board and	
	mention the ratio of the types of plants obtained.	

## RR (A)-(600)-13002 (MA) BIO

n. os.			Value Poi	ints		Total
A	Ins. :					
★ Change in non-reproductive				es cannot be passe	d on to the DNA	
of the germ cells.					1	
*	$\star$ For example, if we breed a group of mice all their progeny will hav				progeny will have	
	tails, as expected. Now, if the tails of these mice are removed by					
	surg	ery in each gene	eration, the tai	illess mice produce	e tailed progeny.	
					1	
*	Beca	use, removal of	the tail cannot	t change the genes	of the germ cells	3
	of th	e mice.			1	5
	( Consider if other relevant illustration is given )					
			OR			
F	Result of $F_2$ generation :					
		Gametes	Т	t		
		Т	TT	Tt		
		t	Tt	tt	2	
F	Ratio obtained in F <sub>2</sub> generation :					
Р	Pure tall : tall : Pure dwarf					
		2 : 1				
			OR			
	Tall	: dwarf	011			
		: 1			1	3
	0	• •			-	0

83-E (	(Bio)
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Answer the following question : $1 \times 4 = 4$ Draw the diagram showing the structure of the human brain and label the following parts : (i) Cerebellum (ii) Mid-brain. Ans. : Structure of Human Brain :	
following parts : i) Cerebellum ii) Mid-brain. Ans. : Structure of Human Brain :	
i) Cerebellum ii) Mid-brain. Ans. : Structure of Human Brain :	
Ans. : Structure of Human Brain :	
Structure of Human Brain :	
Mid-brain Cerebellum	
For diagram — 3	
For labelling — $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	4
	Cerebellum

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