Question Booklet Serial No. : 20-

నึలcoదణో సె2 :
Register Number


யंक్రి, 0 - 03 / Paper - 03
ఎనో.ఎనో.ఎలో.సి. ఝొ్యి Шరిఁ్ష్ష - 2021

## SSLC MAIN EXAMINATION - 2021

 \& ఇంజినయరింగా గం,ఖశ్సో - 2
Subjects : Elements of Mechanical \& Electrical Engineering - 2 8 Engineering Graphics - 2
(ఇంగ్లిజో 山ూధ్యము / English Medium)
( CCE-RF / CCE-RR )

[ Code No. : 71E + 72E

ఒట్ట్టు
గరిష్ట్ర అంచగళు : 50 + $25=75$ ]
[ Time : 2-30 P.M. to 5-30 P.M.


## Elements of Mechanical \& Electrical Engineering - 2


 బొలల్తుదయల్లి స్బె్ట్రాగి ఒరాయిరి.
Write your eleven digit Register Number on the Question Booklet as allotted in the admission ticket in the space provided at the top right corner of this front page.


[ Total No. of Questions : $50+25=75$
[ Max. Marks : $50+25=75$

This Question Booklet has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the Question Booklet at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the Question Booklet are intact.

OMR Sheet will be provided subject-wise separately.

## 71-E (RF/RR)

 ய్లుస్తిరయన్ను ஹ0ందిడి.
This set of Question Booklets consists of two subjects and each subject has separate Question Booklet.
 75 ن్లె్నెగళస్ను ळొంందిది.
 సంఖ్య 1 రంద్ 50.
(ii) ఇంజినియురింగో గలృభిశ్సే -2 — ய్,
$50+25$ Questions are provided in two subjects respectively. This set of question booklets contains 75 questions in all.
(i) Elements of Mechanical \& Electrical Engineering-2 - Question Nos. 1 to 50.
(ii) Engineering Graphics-2 - Question Nos. 51 to 75.

 ఇరుజుదిల్ల.

Each question carries one mark. Answering all the questions is compulsory and each correct answer will be awarded one mark. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.
7. $\dot{\omega} ర ా$ ్ష్ అఎధియల్లి










$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$
山ూఠడబృరుడు.

During the examination,
a) Read the questions carefully.
b) Completely darken / shade the relevant circle against Question Number in the OMR Sheet using blue / black ball point pen. Do not try to alter the entry and not to do any stray marks on OMR Sheet.

Example : In the question booklet, if $\underline{C}$ is the correct answer for Question No. 20, then in the OMR Sheet shade the option C using blue / black ball point pen as follows.

Question No. 20) (A) (B) (C) (D) (This is an example only )
$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$
c) Do not fold, tear, wrinkle or staple on the OMR Sheet.
 யరగగణిసి అంశగళస్ను నిలడలృగుఱుదిల్ల.

If more than one circle is shaded for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no marks will be given.

## 71-E (RF/RR)




Student and Room Invigilator should sign in the OMR Sheet in the space provided.



Candidate should return the subject-wise answered OMR Sheet to the Room Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.


Rough work can be done in the space provided at the end of the Question Booklet.



Calculators, Mobiles, Smart Watches and any other electronic equipment are not allowed inside the examination hall.

# ఎషయు : ఎలిమెంట్సో ఆఖో మిచ్యానిపలో అండో <br> ఎలిష్ట్ర చలో ఇంజినియరింగా - 2 <br> Subject : ELEMENTS OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING-2 

 ఆవుగళల్లి సరియాద లుత్తరహన్ను ఆరిసి నిముగె నిలడెలాగిరుబ ఓ.ఎం.ఆరా. ( OMR ) లుత్తర
 ఆయ్పియన్ను గురుకిసి : $\quad 50 \times 1=50$
Four choices are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer among them and shade the correct option in the OMR Sheet given to you with a black / blue ball point pen.

1. In two-stroke engine power is developed
(A) once in two revolutions
(B) at half the revolution
(C) in every revolution
(D) in every stroke
2. The function of carburetor is to
(A) provide air-fuel mixture
(B) supply pure air
(C) supply fuel only
(D) cool the engine
3. The part of the engine which stores energy during power stroke and supply the same for the other three strokes is
(A) piston
(B) crank
(C) connecting rod
(D) flywheel
4. In a diesel engine heat is supplied at constant
(A) temperature
(B) pressure
(C) volume
(D) enthalpy
5. The inner diameter of engine cylinder is called as
(A) bore
(B) stroke
(C) clearance
(D) pitch
6. Compression ratio of diesel engines may have a range of
(A) 8 to 10
(B) 15 to 10
(C) 16 to 20
(D) 10 to 15
7. The minimum number of rings in a piston is
(A) two
(B) three
(C) four
(D) six

## 71-E (RF/RR)

8. Which type of engine do most cars have ?
(A) two-stroke cycle engine
(B) rotary wankel engine
(C) free piston engine
(D) four-stroke cycle engine
9. The common component between a petrol engine and a diesel engine is
(A) Coiled tubes
(B) Expansion valve
(C) Evaporator
(D) Flywheel
10. Piston compression rings are made of which one of the following materials ?
(A) Bronze
(B) Cast iron
(C) White metal
(D) Aluminium
11. The device used to increase the pressure of air by compression is
(A) air hoist
(B) air lift
(C) air compressor
(D) air blower
12. The ratio of the discharge pressure to the inlet pressure of air is called
(A) Expansion ratio
(B) Compression ratio
(C) Compressor efficiency
(D) Volumetric efficiency
13. The absolute pressure of air at the outlet of a compressor is called
(A) discharge pressure
(B) back pressure
(C) critical pressure
(D) inlet pressure
14. The commonly used refrigerant in vapour absorption refrigerator is
(A) carbon dioxide
(B) sulphur dioxide
(C) ammonia
(D) methyl chloride
15. The chilling of freezing unit of refrigerator is called as
(A) Compressor
(B) Cooling fan
(C) Carburetor
(D) Condenser
16. The S.I. unit of pressure is
(A) $\mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
(B) $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
(C) $\mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$
(D) $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$
17. Which has minimum freezing point ?
(A) Freon-12
(B) Freon-22
(C) Carbon dioxide
(D) Ammonia
18. In summer air conditioning the air is
(A) cooled and dehumidified
(B) cooled and humidified
(C) heated and humidified
(D) heated and dehumidified
19. A refrigerant should have the
(A) high boiling point property
(B) high specific heat property
(C) high latent heat property
(D) high specific volume property
20. The air refrigeration is preferably used in aircrafts because
(A) it uses air which is available in plenty in the atmosphere
(B) it has high COP
(C) it is cheaper
(D) its weight per ton of the refrigeration is low
21. Carriage is part of a
(A) lathe
(B) drilling machine
(C) grinding machine
(D) milling machine
22. Reaming is the process of
(A) enlarging a drilled hole
(B) producing counter shape to hole
(C) finishing a drilled hole
(D) smoothing and squaring the surface around the hole
23. Embossing a diamond shaped pattern on the surface of workpiece is called
(A) taper turning
(B) knurling
(C) parting-off
(D) plain turning
24. The slowest speed in lathe is adopted for the operation
(A) step turning
(B) boring
(C) forming
(D) thread cutting
25. The machining operation performed on a lathe to obtain a flat surface at the end of the workpiece is called
(A) chamfering
(B) facing
(C) counterboring
(D) grooving
26. In a lathe apron is used to control the movement of
(A) head stock
(B) tail stock
(C) chuck
(D) carriage
27. In a drilling machine the linear motion of drill is called as
(A) feed
(B) travel
(C) depth of cut
(D) speed
28. A part of drilling machine among the following is
(A) Spindle
(B) Tail stock
(C) Four jaw chuck
(D) Mandrel

## 71-E (RF/RR)

29. The grooves on the drill bits are called as
(A) body clearance
(B) tong
(C) flute
(D) land
30. The operation of producing flat seat on drilled hole is called
(A) spot facing
(B) drilling
(C) tapping
(D) dieing
31. As per the Fleming's left hand rule the thumb will give
(A) direction of induced e.m.f.
(B) direction of rotation of coil
(C) direction of magnetic flux
(D) direction of motion of magnet
32. By which law the direction of the induced e.m.f. will be identified ?
(A) Lenz's law
(B) Fleming's left hand rule
(C) Fleming's right hand rule
(D) End rule
33. The magnitude of induced e.m.f. in a coil is directly proportional to the rate of change of flux linkages. This law is known as
(A) Lenz's law
(B) Kirchhoff's law
(C) Ohm's law
(D) Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction
34. What does e.m.f. stand for ?
(A) electromotive force
(B) electromagnetic force
(C) electromated force
(D) electronic magnetic force
35. Who has stated the right hand rule ?
(A) Oersted
(B) Fleming
(C) Einstein
(D) Maxwell
36. As per electromagnetic induction, the e.m.f. is induced in a
(A) coil
(B) bobbin
(C) galvanometer
(D) voltmeter
37. Generator works on the principle of
(A) right hand rule
(B) left hand rule
(C) electromagnetic induction
(D) end rule
38. Example of self-induced e.m.f. is
(A) motor
(B) regulator
(C) electric iron
(D) choke
39. The ratio of r.m.s. value to the average value is called
(A) Power factor
(B) $\quad Q$-factor
(C) Form factor
(D) Rating factor
40. D.C. can be converted into A.C. by
(A) Rectifier
(B) Regulator
(C) Transformer
(D) Inverter
41. Instantaneous value at $90^{\circ}$ and $270^{\circ}$ is called
(A) average value
(B) cycle
(C) amplitude
(D) time period
42. Alternating current changes its magnitude and
(A) deflection
(B) direction
(C) di-polar
(D) depletion
43. Half cycle in sine wave has
(A) $360^{\circ}$
(B) $270^{\circ}$
(C) $90^{\circ}$
(D) $180^{\circ}$
44. S.I. unit of frequency is
(A) hertz
(B) henry
(C) maxwell
(D) lenz
45. Electrical power is measured by
(A) ammeter
(B) voltmeter
(C) wattmeter
(D) ohm-meter
46. The material used for heating element in electric heater is
(A) nichrome
(B) nickel
(C) copper
(D) aluminium
47. Capacitor is used in electric
(A) heater
(B) fan
(C) iron
(D) lamp
48. Majority charge carriers in P-type semiconductor are
(A) electrons
(B) protons
(C) holes
(D) neutrons
49. PN-junction can be used as a/an
(A) regulator
(B) oscillator
(C) amplifier
(D) rectifier
50. 

## I.C. means

(A) Integrated Circuit
(B) Internal Circuit
(C) Incomplete Circuit
(D) Inverter Circuit

71-E (RF/RR)

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { ( SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK ) }
\end{aligned}
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( SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK )

71-E (RF/RR)


