ನೋಂದಣಿಸಂಖ್ಯೆ :						
Register Number ·						

ಪತ್ರಿಕೆ - 01 / Paper - 01 ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್.ಸಿ. ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ - 2021 SSLC MAIN EXAMINATION - 2021 ರಾಜ್ಮಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ / ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ + ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜಾನ

Political Science / Sociology + Social Science

ವಿಷಯ: ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ವಿಷಯ-01 (95-UE/97-UE) + ಪರ್ಯಾಯ ವಿಷಯ-02 (95-UE/97-UE) + ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ (85-UE) Subjects : Alternative Subject-01 (95-UE/97-UE) + Alternative Subject-02 (95-UE/97-UE) + SOCIAL SCIENCE (85-UE)

(ಉರ್ದು ಮತ್ತು ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / Urdu and English Medium) (CCE-RF / CCE-RR / CCE-PF / CCE-PR)

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 95-UE / 97-UE +85-UE]

[Code No.: 95-UE/97-UE+85-UE

ಸಮಯ: ಬೆಳಗ್ಗೆ 10-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ 1-30 ರವರೆಗೆ] [Time: 10-30 A.M. to 1-30 P.M. ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ: 40 + 40 + 40 = 120] [Total No. of Questions: 40 + 40 + 40 = 120] [Max. Marks: 40 + 40 + 40 = 120

Write your eleven digit Register Number on the Question Booklet as allotted in the admission ticket in the space provided at the top right corner of this front page.

This Question Booklet has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the left side to open the Question Booklet at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the Question Booklet are intact.

OMR Sheet will be provided subject-wise separately.

This set of Question Booklets consists of three subjects and each subject has separate Question Booklet.

5. ہرمضمون میں 40 سوالات ہیں۔ یہ سوالیہ کتا بچہ میں مجموعی طور پر 120 سوالات ہیں۔ وہ طلباء جنہوں نے متبادل مضمون کوڑ UE وہ طلباء ہنہوں کے لئے اس سوالیہ کتا بچہ میں ہر سوال کے دوہر نے مبر پرنٹ ہیں۔ طلباء اپنے پسندیدہ مضمون کو جوانہوں نے انتخاب کیا ہے OMR شیٹ پرشیڈ کریں۔

40 questions are provided against each subject. This set of Question Booklet contains 120 questions in all.

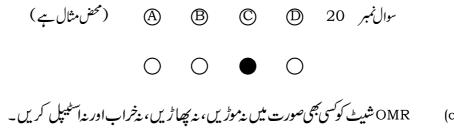
For those candidates who have opted alternative subject codes 95-UE or 97-UE the question booklets are printed with double numbering against each question. The candidate has to shade in the OMR Sheet according to his / her choice of subject opted.

Each question carries *one* mark. Answering *all* the questions is compulsory and each correct answer will be awarded one mark. There will be no negative marking for wrong answers.

7. دوران امتحان:

- a) تمام سوالات كوبغور پڑھ ليں۔
- (b) آپ کے انتخاب شدہ جواب کو OMR شیٹ میں موجود مساوی نمبر کے دائرے پرسیاہ / نیلے بال پوائنٹ پرایک بار جواب کی نشاند ہی کرنے کے بعد ترمیم کرنے کی بین سے اچھی طرح شیڈ کریں۔ OMR شیٹ پرایک بار جواب کی نشاند ہی کرنے کے بعد ترمیم کرنے کی کوششش نہ کریں اور OMR شیٹ پرغیر ضروری نشان نہ لگا ئیں۔

مثال: اگرآپ کے سوالاتی کتا بچہ میں سوال نمبر 20 کے لئے سیجے جواب آپشن <u>C</u> ہے تو آپ کوشیٹ میں سوال نمبر 20 کے اگر تھے جواب آپشن <u>C</u> کے دائرے پر ہی سیاہ / نیلے رنگ کی بال پوائنٹ پین سے شیڑ کرنا ہوگا۔



During the examination,

- a) Read the questions carefully.
- b) Completely darken / shade the relevant circle against Question

 Number in the OMR Sheet using blue / black ball point pen. Do not

 try to alter the entry and not to do any stray marks on OMR Sheet.

Example: In the question booklet, if \underline{C} is the correct answer for Question No. 20, then in the OMR Sheet shade the option \underline{C} using blue / black ball point pen as follows.

(This is an example only)

c) Do not fold, tear, wrinkle or staple on the OMR Sheet.

If more than one circle is shaded for a given question, such answer is treated as wrong and no marks will be given.

Student and Room Invigilator should sign in the OMR Sheet in the space provided.

Candidate should return the subject-wise answered OMR Sheet to the Room Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

Rough work can be done in the space provided at the end of the Question Booklet.

Calculators, Mobiles, Smart Watches and any other electronic equipment are not allowed inside the examination hall.

مضمون: سیاسیات

Subject: POLITICAL SCIENCE

مندرجہ ذیل سوالات کے لئے چارمتبادل یا نامکمل جواب دیئے گئے ہیں صحیح جواب کا انتخاب کر کے نیلے/کالے رنگ کے مدرجہ ذیل سوالات کے لئے چارمتبادل یا نامکمل جواب کے خانہ میں رنگ بھریں۔

OMR پر چے پر شیح جواب کے خانہ میں رنگ بھریں۔

Four choices are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer among them and shade the correct option in the OMR Answer Sheet given to you with a black / blue ball point pen: $40 \times 1 = 40$

1/41. 1909ء میں پیاصلا جی ایکٹ جاری کیا

The Reform Act that was brought into force in the year 1909 is

(A) Morley-Minto

- (B) Montague-Chelmsford
- (C) Government of India Act
- (D) Regulating Act

2/42. ہمارے(آئین) دستورکی پیشکش میں یہ بیان ہے

- (B) آئين کااداره
 - (C) دستور کا ستون
- (D) دستور کی بنیاد

The preamble of our constitution is described as

- (A) soul of the constitution
- (B) body of the constitution
- (C) pillar of the constitution
- (D) foundation of the constitution

Article 19 has been the lifeline of the people because it

- (A) prohibits discrimination
- (B) has given equality
- (C) contains 6 freedoms
- (D) abolishes untouchability

Our constitution came into force on

The Father of our constitution is

The type of citizenship followed in India is

- (A) Single citizenship (B) Dual citizenship
- (C) Multi-citizenship (D) Adult citizenship

The word added to the preamble by 42nd constitutional amendment is

- (A) Republic (B) Democracy
- (C) Secularism (D) Sovereignty

The chief justice of the High Court should take an oath of office by the

- (A) Prime Minister (B) Governor
- (C) Chief Minister (D) President

The primary unit of rural self rule is

- (A) Gram Panchayat (B) Zilla Panchayat
- (C) Gram Sabha (D) Taluk Panchayat

State Public Service Commission is under the control of the state government because

- (A) chairman and members are appointed on its advice
- (B) it appoints the chairman and members
- (C) salary and other allowances are paid by it
- (D) the members are former employees of it

"Village Panchayat is the foundation of the autonomous government of India." It is said by

- (A) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (B) Jyotiba Phule
- (C) H. J. Laski (D) Mahatma Gandhi

12/52. بنیادی حقوق کوسوراج بل میں کس نے شامل کیا

The one who mentioned the Fundamental Rights in Swaraj Bill is

- (A) Motilal Nehru
- (B) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (C) Sardar Patel
- (D) Kripalani

The court which takes the issues related to land revenue and its records is

- (A) Revenue court
- (B) District court
- (C) Consumer court
- (D) Lok Adalat

The fundamental right taken back through 44th Amendment of the constitution is

- (A) Right to Liberty (B) Right to Property
- (C) Right to Education (D) Right to Employment

The age of retirement of the judges of High Court is

The Right to Information Act of India was passed in year

(A) 2005 (B) 2009

11 of 24 **1904**

17/57. جمارے ریاستی پالیسیوں کاہدایت نامہ کس سے اُدھارلیا گیاہے؟

- (A) امریکی دستور
- (B) انگریزی دستور
- (C) آئيرش دستور
 - (D) روسی دستور

Our Directive Principles of State Policies are borrowed from

- (A) American Constitution
- (B) British Constitution
- (C) Irish Constitution
- (D) Russian Constitution

Ban on liquor is

- (A) Gandhian principle
- (B) Liberal principle
- (C) Socialist principle
- (D) Secularist principle

"Democracy is a government of the people by the people and for the people" was said by

- (A) Abraham Lincoln
- (B) J. S. Mill

(C) Pericles

(D) Karl Marx

The Act which established Supreme Court in Calcutta is

- (A) Morley-Minto reforms
- (B) Charter Act of 1833
- (C) Regulating Act
- (D) The Act of 1858

21/61. ہندوستان کامیگنا کارٹے ہے

- (A) 1773 كارىگولىيىتىگ ايكىڭ
 - (B) 1833 كاچارٹرا يكٹ
 - (C) 1861 كاا يكٹ
 - (D) 1858 كاا يكٹ

The Magna Carta of India is

- Regulating Act of 1773 (A)
- The Charter Act of 1833 (B)
- The Act of 1861 (C)
- (D) The Act of 1858

22/62. تمام مذابب کے لئے یکسال سلوک

- (A) ساجیت (C) سیکولرازم (D) فرقه واریت

Equal treatment for all the religions is

- Socialism Republic (A) (B)
- Secularism Communalism (C) (D)

14 of 24

1904

Uniform civil code enforcement belongs to

- (A) Socialist principles (B) Gandhian principles
- (C) Liberal principles (D) Dictator principles

The Father of Panchayat Raj system in Karnataka is

- (A) Ramakrishna Hegde (B) M. Y. Ghorpade
- (C) Abdul Nazir Sahib (D) M. P. Prakash

The headquarters of Karnataka State Public Service Commission is at

- (A) Mysore (B) Bengaluru
- (C) Mandya (D) Tumkur

15 of 24 **1904**

Imphal

(D)

1904

(A)

(C)

(A)

(C)

located in

Guwahati

Kohima

(A)

(C)

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President

29/69. ہماری ریاست کی اِئی کورٹ کاصدر دفتر ہے

The headquarters of High Court of our state is in

- (A) Bengaluru (B) Mysore
- (C) Belagavi (D) Shivamogga

The President of Constituent Assembly was

- (A) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- (B) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- (C) Dr. Babu Rajendra Prasad
- (D) B. N. Rao

Article 21(A) of our constitution deals with

- abolition of child labour (A)
- prohibition of practice of untouchability (B)
- (C) protection against arbitrary punishment
- free and compulsory education

"The directive principles of state policy form the inner soul of the constitution." It is stated by

- Jawaharlal Nehru Granville Austin (A) (B)
- Mahatma Gandhi K. C. Markandan (C) (D)

The elected head of corporation is

- Commissioner Chief Executive Officer (A) (B)
- Chief Minister (D) Mayor

73rd constitutional amendment is related to

شهری مقامی ادارے (B)

The father of local governments in India is

The administrative head of Zilla Panchayat is

- (A) President of Panchayat
- (B) Chief Executive Officer
- (C) Commissioner
- (D) Panchayat Development Officer

The district which has one zilla panchayat member for every 18,000 population is

(A) Belagavi

(B) Uttara Kannada

(C) Tumkur

(D) Kodagu

The Chairman of the Drafting Committee of Constitution is

- (A) Dr. Babu Rajendra Prasad
- Sachchidananda Sinha
- (C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- (D) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

(B)

K. C. Wheare calls our federal system as a quasi-federal because

- it has both unitary and federal features (A)
- (B) it has American model government
- (C) it has British parliament model
- (D) centre controls complete power

The main aim of Economic Justice is related to

- (A) achieving economic equality
- (B) providing jobs to each and everyone
- (C) improving country's internal and external trade
- providing better education (D)

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DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE