## CCE PR

 KARNATAKA SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION BOARD, MALLESWARAM, BANGALORE - 560003
S. S. L. C. EXAMINATION, JUNE, 2017

యూదరి లుత రగళు
MODEL ANSWERS
దినాంఈ : 21.06. 2017 ]
Date: 21.06.2017]

Code no. : 83-E (Bio)
విజ్య : విజ్ఞాగ

## Subject : SCIENCE

( జియలా


(ఇంగ్లిష్నో భాఱాంతర / English Version )

[ Max. Marks : 100


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[ Turn over

| Qn. <br> Nos. | Value Points |
| :---: | :--- |
| 5 | When Mendel crossed pure varieties of a tall plant with red flowers and a <br> dwarf plant with white flowers, the number of dwarf plants with white <br> flowers obtained in $F_{1}$ generation is |

Ans. : (A) 0
7. If the number of blood cells present in $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ blood of a healthy person is written in the increasing order, then the correct order obtained is Ans. : (D) White blood cells, platelets, red blood cells
9. The disease Syphilis is caused by the bacterium

Ans. : (C) Treponema pallidum
12. Effluents coming from furnaces of the industries must be cooled to atmospheric temperature before releasing into water bodies. Why ?

Ans. :
To prevent the death of aquatic life due to the thermal shock.

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To prevent thermal pollution.
15. Moss plants do not grow to greater heights. Why ?

Ans. :
Due to the absence of vascular tissues ( or ) due to the absence of xylem and phloem tissues )
19. Explain the structure of male and female cones of gymnosperms.

Ans. :
$\star$ Male cones contain microsporophylls. $\quad \frac{1}{2}$
$\star$ These produce microspores that have male gametes. $\frac{1}{2}$
$\star$ Female cones contain megasporophylls. $\quad \frac{1}{2}$
$\star \quad$ These produce female gametes.

List any four characteristic features of fishes.
OR

Total

List any four characteristic features of reptiles.
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| Qn. Nos. | Value Points | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23. | Ans. : <br> $\star$ The streamlined body has an exoskeleton composed of dermal scales. <br> * Locomotor structures are in the form of paired and unpaired fins. $\frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\star$ Gills are the respiratory organs. <br> $\star$ Heart is two chambered with one auricle and one ventricle. <br> ^ Nervous system has a brain, a spinal cord and ten pairs of cranial nerves. <br> $\star$ Oviparous. Both fertilization and development are external. <br> $\star$ Cold blooded animals. <br> $\star$ Body is divisible into head, trunk and short tail. ( any four ) <br> OR <br> Ans. : <br> $\star$ The exoskeleton is in the form of epidermal scales, forming distinct plates. <br> * Locomotor structures are in the form of a pair of forelimbs and a pair of hindlimbs, containing five digits each. <br> $\star$ Respiratory organs are a pair of lungs. <br> $\star$ Heart is three chambered. <br> * Nervous system has a brain, a spinal cord and twelve pairs of cranial nerves. <br> $\star$ Oviparous. Fertilization is internal but development is external. <br> $\star$ Cold blooded animals. <br> $\star$ Body is divisible into head, trunk and tail. ( any four ) <br> "In agriculture, growing genetically modified plants can reduce the water pollution caused by agricultural wastes." Justify this statement. <br> Ans. : <br> Genetically modified plants have the ability to resist / destroy insects ( or pest resistant ). <br> This reduces the use of insecticides. This reduces their flow into water bodies. <br> ( any other suitable answer ) | $22^{2}$ |


| Qn. |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nos. | Draw the diagram showing the structure of HIV.

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| Qn. Nos. | Value Points | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42. | Why adrenaline is called the emergency hormone ? | 2 |
|  | Ans. : |  |
|  | Because in emergency situations like fear, anxiety, anger and emotional stress, adrenaline is secreted in excess and prepares the body to face the emergency situations properly. |  |
| 43. | List the advantages of hydroponics. |  |
|  | Ans. : |  |
|  | $\star$ Soil is not required |  |
|  | $\star$ Water requirement is very less $\quad \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
|  | $\star$ Yields are stable and high |  |
|  | $\star \quad$ There will be no weeds to remove |  |
|  | $\star \quad$ Plants grow much healthier. ( Any four ) | 2 |
| 46. | Mention the similarities and differences found in the striated muscle fibres and the cardiac muscle fibres based on their structure. |  |
|  | Ans. : Similarities: |  |
|  | (i) The muscle fibres are elongated and cylindrical. |  |
|  | (ii) Cross bands are found. 1 |  |
|  | Difference : |  |
|  | Striated muscle fibres are unbranched. Cardiac muscle fibres are branched. The branches are connected with one another. | 3 |
| 48. | Explain the process of replication of DNA. |  |
|  | OR |  |
|  | Explain the double helix structure of DNA molecule. |  |
|  | $\star$ The process of replication begins with the breaking of hydrogen bonds between the nitrogenous bases of complementary nucleotide strands. The two strands of DNA helix get unwound to form a forklike structure. |  |


| Qn. <br> Nos. | Value Points |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\star \quad$The two open strands serve as templates for the assembly of <br> nucleotides to form the daughter strands. The assembly of <br> nucleotides on the parent DNA template is brought about by some |
|  |  |

^ The assembly of new bases against the exposed bases of parent DNA strands takes place in a complementary mode. This process continues till the two daughter DNA strands are formed.

OR

Ans. :

* The structure of DNA molecule resembles a spirally twisted ladder.
* The molecule of DNA has a pair of polynucleotide chains running antiparallel to each other. They are intertwined and helically coiled around the other.
* Each nucleotide unit consists of deoxyribose sugar, phosphate and nitrogenous base. $\frac{1}{2}$
* Each strand of the ladder is made up of pentose sugar and phosphate arranged alternatively.
$\star \quad$ The nitrogen bases connect the two opposite strands like the rungs of a ladder.
$\star$ There are two types of purine bases namely adenine and guanine and two types of pyrimidine bases namely cytosine and thymine. Adenine pairs with thymine and guanine pairs with cytosine. $\frac{1}{2}$
$\qquad$

| Qn. <br> Nos. | Value Points |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 52. | Draw the diagram showing the vertical section of the human eye and |
| label the following parts : |  |
| (a) Lens |  |
| (b) Optic nerve. |  |
| Ans. : |  |

