

ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್.ಸಿ. ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ, ಮಾರ್ಚ್ /ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ – 2014
S. S. L. C. EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL, 2014

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು
MODEL ANSWERS

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 07. 04. 2014]

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **85-E**

Date : 07. 04. 2014]

CODE NO. : **85-E**

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ
Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE

[ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 100

[Max. Marks : 100

(English Version)

Qn. Nos.	Answer Key	Value Points	Marks Allotted
I.		Choose the correct answer : $15 \times 1 = 15$	
1.	A	pension was sanctioned to Dulip Singh	1
2.	A	the Ryotwari system	1
3.	C	the Manchu ruler's internal administration was oppressive and inefficient	1
4.	C	provided basic framework for the Federal Government of India	1
5.	A	Treaty of Versailles	1
6.	A	Potti Sriramulu fast until death	1
7.	B	93rd Amendment	1
8.	A	1961	1
9.	A	to identify the problems in mutual relations and find solutions through co-operation	1
10.	C	demand for forest products has increased	1

[Turn over

Qn. Nos.	Answer Key	Value Points	Marks Allotted
11.	C	Kumari	1
12.	A	it is used in all economic activities	1
13.	C	it is a good conductor of heat and electricity	1
14.	B	to overcome the problems of farmers	1
15.	D	assisting the inventions in small industries and technology.	1
II.	Fill in the blanks :	$5 \times 1 = 5$	
16.	Robert Clive		1
17.	K. C. Reddy		1
18.	Frantz Fanon		1
19.	Govind Sagar		1
20.	Fair price shops.		1
III. 21.	Match the following :	$5 \times 1 = 5$	
	a) — ii) Dayanand Saraswati		1
	b) — i) Dhando Keshav Karve		1
	c) — v) Annie Besant		1
	d) — iii) Charter Act of 1853		1
	e) — iv) Regulating Act		1
IV.	Answer the following questions in a sentence each :	$9 \times 1 = 9$	
22.	Jawaharlal Nehru		1
23.	Martin Luther King		1
24.	New Deal		1

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
25.	Pendant roots / Deltas	1
26.	Tarapur in Maharashtra	1
27.	Kaiser William II	1
28.	An exclusive attachment or loyalty to one's own region	1
29.	General Assembly	1
30.	Ensuring the welfare of all the citizens by providing social & economic services through government.	1
V.	Answer the following questions in <i>two</i> or <i>three</i> sentences each :	
	$16 \times 2 = 32$	
31.	— Expert in fencing	
	— Defeated Ranadualla Khan, Bettadapura, Sathyamangala, Arakalagudu.	
	— Constructed Narasimha temple	
	— Constructed Bangaradoddi Canal	
	— Issued gold coins called Kanthiraya Panams.	
	(any four points)	
	$4 \times \frac{1}{2} =$	2
32.	— Not expected to engage in wars or to enter into treaties	
	— Should pay subsidy to maintain their contingent	
	— Resident was kept at the native ruler's court	
	— Control the internal affairs through native resident.	
	$4 \times \frac{1}{2} =$	2

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
33.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Started exposing the administrative methods, criticized — Many political leaders started newspapers — They used them as weapons — Created awareness and foster a sense of nationality. <p style="text-align: right;">$4 \times \frac{1}{2} =$</p>	2
34.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Organised conference at Shivapur in 1938 — Ban on hoisting tricolour — 25,000 delegates assembled — T. Siddalingaiah hoisted the tricolour flag — He was arrested. 	2
35.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Junagadh ruler was not volunteer — Thinking of joining Pakistan — People were keen on joining Indian Union. People revolted against Nawab — Nawab fled to Pakistan — Local people opined, Sardar Patel merged Junagadh to Indian Union. 	2
36.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — He built and strengthened Nazi party — He strengthened the army and economy — Used his power to suppress his political opponents — Brown shirts. 	2

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
37.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Former East Indies part of Dutch empire — Declare itself free under Sukarno — Dutch army again entered Indonesia — U.N.O. intervened, Indonesia became free. $4 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	2
38.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Public Distribution System Essential Commodities Act — AGMARK have its quantity, date of manufacture and limitations — Janata Bazaars, Super Bazaars — Consumer Protection Act — Consumer Courts — Public awareness. (any four) $4 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	2
39.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Agreement was concluded between U.S.A., England and Russia — Use of atomic weapons and their test in space, under sea and in open environment was banned — It does not restrict underground test. 	2
40.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Noted for agriculture, fishing, salt making — Industrial centre, Trade and Tourist centre — The ports. 	2
41.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Rainfall in India is seasonal — Uncertain — Unevenly distributed. 	2

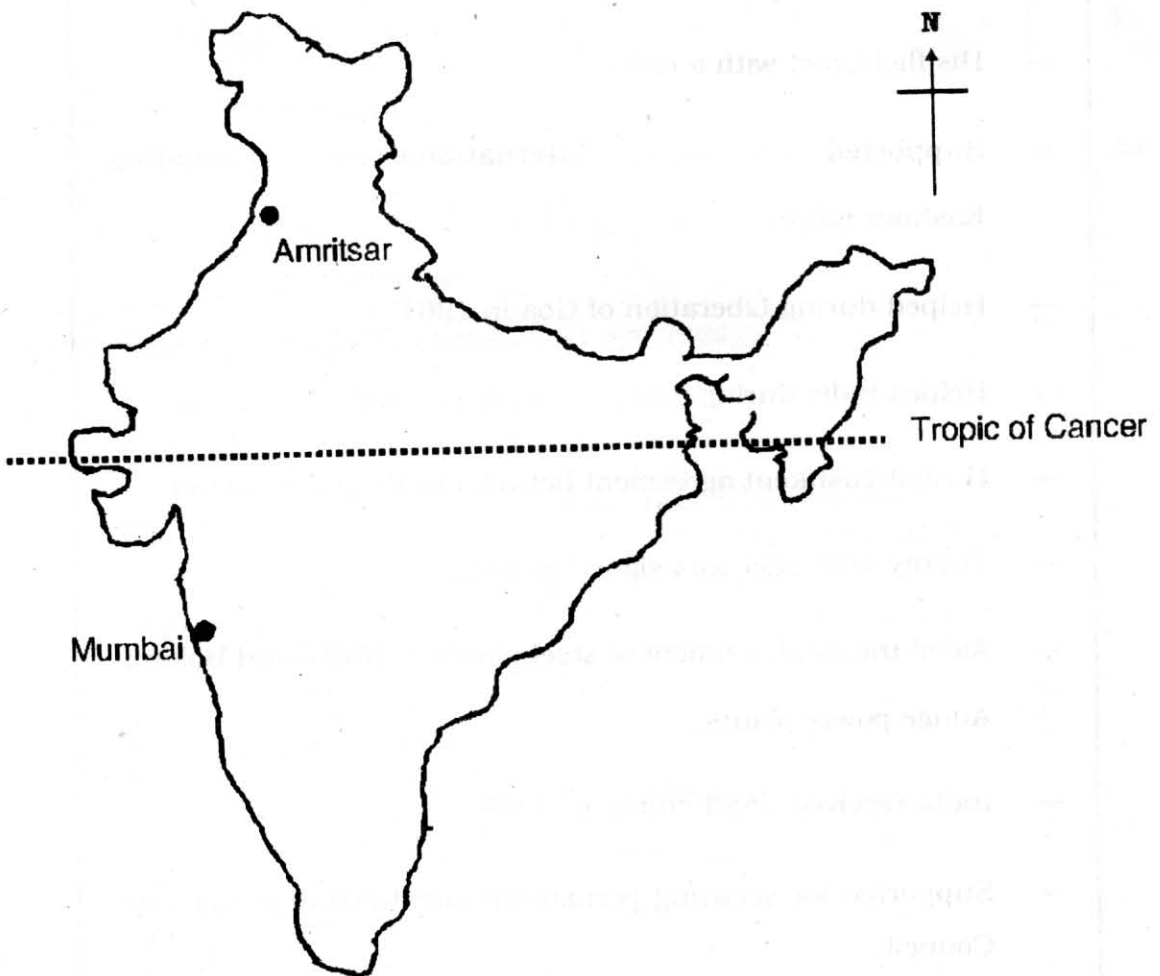
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42.	<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"><i>Agricultural Season</i></td> <td style="width: 50%;"><i>Seasons of India</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Kharif and Rabi</td> <td>Summer, winter, S.W. monsoon (Rainy), Retreating monsoon</td> </tr> </table>	<i>Agricultural Season</i>	<i>Seasons of India</i>	Kharif and Rabi	Summer, winter, S.W. monsoon (Rainy), Retreating monsoon	2								
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43.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Delivers letters and M.O. — Undertakes remittance of money — Savings banks and National Certificates — Encourages thrift and saving — accepts payments to be made to the government. 	2												
44.	<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"><i>Cottage Industry</i></td> <td style="width: 50%;"><i>Small Scale Industry</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Maintained by family members & apprentices</td> <td>— Organised in buildings & shed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Carried in their own houses</td> <td>— Use electric power crushers</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentrated in village</td> <td>— Employ labourer, modern technique</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Eg. wood carving, stone carving</td> <td>— Eg. cycle, radios etc.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Household industries</td> <td>— Owners maintain.</td> </tr> </table>	<i>Cottage Industry</i>	<i>Small Scale Industry</i>	Maintained by family members & apprentices	— Organised in buildings & shed	Carried in their own houses	— Use electric power crushers	Concentrated in village	— Employ labourer, modern technique	Eg. wood carving, stone carving	— Eg. cycle, radios etc.	Household industries	— Owners maintain.	2
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46.	England, America, Russia, France and China.	2												

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
VI.	Answer the following questions in <i>five</i> or <i>six</i> sentences each : $6 \times 3 = 18$	
47.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — The successors of Albuquerque were inefficient — Neglected trade and involved themselves in politics — Marathas captured Bassein — Mughals forced them to vacate Hooghly in 1632 — Religious intolerance — Merger of Portugal with Spain — Lack of manpower and economic power. $6 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	3
48.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Lack of unity — No suitable leader — Indulged in looting and dacoities — Did not possess modern and improved weapon — English use telegraphic network. Indians knew nothing of it — Sikh, Nizam and Gwalior supported English — Lack of proper organization. $6 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	3
49.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — SC/ST Commission was set up — Reserved some seats in State Assembly and Lok Sabha — Percentage of seats were reserved in State & Central Government — Some constituencies were declared reserved — Mobile courts have been established — Hostels and book banks are established — Scholarship and employment exchange centres are established. 	3

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
50.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Contour ploughing — Indian Soil Conservation Board — Soil testing centre — Construction of check bunds — Right type of fertilizer — Prevent cutting down forests — Development of pasture lands — Scientific methods of farming — Proper care of water — Grow more trees — Crop rotation — Dry farm techniques. (any six) $6 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	3
51.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Density of population has increased in industrial centres — Creation of slums — Slum dwellers as suffering from lack of health, housing, sanitation and water facility — Become the centres of antisocial activities — Technology and computer increases the unemployment problem — Foreign capital investment may result in the economic exploitation. $6 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	3
52.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — 90% of our trade through sea routes — Five year plans increased exports and imports — Our imports are more than exports value. — The direction of our trade has undergone changes — Steps are taken to increase exports value — Devaluation of rupee has resulted in reduction of imports. $6 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 	3

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
VII.	Answer in <i>eight</i> or <i>ten</i> sentences : $3 \times 4 = 12$	
53.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — First Rank leader of Revolutionary Patriot — Developed differences of opinion with Gandhiji — Believed non-violence and negotiation will not bring freedom — Raised INA — Sought support from Hitler and Mussolini — Captured Andaman and Nicobar Islands, hoisted Tricolour — Entered Kohima and Imphal — His flight met with a crush. 	4
54.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Supported India on all International issues including Kashmir issue — Helped during Liberation of Goa in 1961 — Helped India during China invasion in 1962 — Hosted Tashkent agreement between India and Pakistan — Twenty year pact was signed in 1971 — Aided the establishment of steel plants at Bhilai and Bokaro, Aunge power plants — India received 2883 crores in 1986 — Supported for securing permanent membership in Security Council. <div style="text-align: right;">$8 \times \frac{1}{2} =$</div>	4

Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
55.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Agriculture is the main occupation of the people of India. — Distribution of wealth — It provides food and fodder — Helps internal trade — Source of Foreign Exchange — Source of our national income — Requires less capital — Helps in the development of tertiary sector — Accumulation of National Capital — Raw materials for industries. 	$8 \times \frac{1}{2} =$ 4
VIII. 56.		



Qn. Nos.	Value Points	Marks Allotted
	<p><i>Alternative Question for Blind Candidates only :</i></p> <p>(In lieu of Q. No. 56)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">— They stop monsoon winds— They are the birthplace of many rivers— They have plenty of mineral resources— They attract tourists— They also stop cold wind from Central Asia— Many medicinal plants & herbs grow here— The rivers are useful for generation of hydroelectricity— Noted for the cultivation of fruits like apples and crops like tea and saffron.	4

