

## C

Total No. of Printed Pages : 16]

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Code No. : 81-E
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## Subject : MATHEMATICS

( ఇంగ్లిషో ఱూధ్యふు / English Medium )
 (Private Fresh \& Private Repeater / NSR \& NSPR)

దినాంళ : 04. 04. 2022 ]
Date: 04. 04. 2022


[ Max. Marks : 100

## General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This question paper consists of objective and subjective types of 48 questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

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$\square$ [ Turn over
I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. $8 \times 1=8$

1. The graphical representation of pair of lines $x+2 y-4=0$ and
$2 x+4 y-12=0$ are

(A) intersecting lines
(B) parallel lines
(C) coincident lines

(D) perpendicular lines.
2. The common difference of the Arithmetic progression $8,5,2,-1, \ldots$
is

(A) -3
(B) -2
(C) 3
(D) 8 .

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3. The standard form of $2 x^{2}=x-7$ is
(A) $2 x^{2}-x=-7$
(B) $2 x^{2}+x-7=0$
(C) $2 x^{2}-x+7=0$
(D) $2 x^{2}+x+7=0$.

4. The value of $\cos \left(90^{\circ}-30^{\circ}\right)$ is
(A) -1
(B) $\frac{1}{2}$
(C) 0
(D) 1 .
5. The distance of the point $P(x, y)$ from the origin is
(A) $\sqrt{x^{2}+y^{2}}$
(B) $x^{2}+y^{2}$
(C) $x^{2}-y^{2}$
(D) $\sqrt{x^{2}-y^{2}}$.

6. In the given figure, the volume of the frustum of a cone is

(A) $\pi\left(r_{1}+r_{2}\right) l$
(B) $\pi\left(r_{1}-r_{2}\right) l$
(C) $\frac{1}{3} \pi h\left(r_{1}^{2}-r_{2}^{2}-r_{1} r_{2}\right)$
(D) $\frac{1}{3} \pi h\left(r_{1}^{2}+r_{2}^{2}+r_{1} r_{2}\right)$
7. Surface area of a sphere of radius ' $r$ ' unit is

(A) $\pi r^{2}$ sq.units

(B) $2 \pi r^{2}$ sq.units
(C) $3 \pi r^{2}$ sq.units
(D) $4 \pi r^{2}$ sq.units.


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II. Answer the following questions :
9. If the pair of linear equations in two variables are inconsistent, then


#### Abstract

how many solutions do they have ?



10. In an Arithmetic progression if ' $a$ ' is the first term and ' $d$ ' is the
common difference, then write its $n^{\text {th }}$ term.
11. Write the standard form of quadratic equation.

12. Write the value of $\frac{\sin 18^{\circ}}{\cos 72^{\circ}}$

13. Write the distance of the point $(4,3)$ from $x$-axis.

14. Find the median of the scores $6,4,2,10$ and 7.
15. Write the statement of "Basic Proportionality" theorem (Thales theorem ).
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16. In the given figure, write the formula used to find the curved surface area of the cone.

III. Answer the following questions :
$18 \times 2=36$
17. Solve the given pair of linear equations by Elimination method :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x+y=8 \\
& x-y=1
\end{aligned}
$$

18. Find the 30 th term of the arithmetic progression $5,8,11, \ldots$. by using formula.

19. Find the sum of first 20 terms of the Arithmetic progression

10, 15, 20, $\qquad$ by using formula.


OR


Find the sum of first 20 positive integers using formula.
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20. Find the roots of $x^{2}+5 x+2=0$ by using quadratic formula.
21. Find the value of the discriminant and hence write the nature of roots of the quadratic equation $x^{2}+4 x+4=0$.

22. Find the distance between the points $A(2,6)$ and $B(5,10)$ by using distance formula.


OR

Find the coordinates of the mid-point of the line segment joining the points $P(3,4)$ and $Q(5,6)$ by using 'mid-point' formula.
23. Draw a line segment of length 10 cm and divide it in the ratio $2: 3$ by geometric construction.

24. In the given figure find the values of
i) $\sin \theta$
ii) $\tan \alpha$.

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25. In the given figure identify and name the following :
i) Chord

ii) Secant of the circle.

26. What is an Arithmetic progression ? Write its general form.

27. Construct a pair of tangents to a circle of radius 4 cm which are inclined to each other at an angle of $60^{\circ}$.

28. Find the roots of the equation $(x+3)(x-4)=0$.
29. If the point $P(0, y)$ is equidistant from the points $A(3,0)$ and
$B(3,2)$, then find the value of $y$.

30. In $\triangle A B C$ as shown in the figure, $E F \| B C$. If $A E=1 \mathrm{~cm}$, $B E=2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $A F=2 \mathrm{~cm}$, then find $F C$.

31. $A B C$ is an isosceles triangle right angled at $C$. Prove that $A B^{2}=2 A C^{2}$.

32. If $\tan A=\cot B$, then prove that $A+B=90^{\circ}$.

33. Two cubes each of side 4 cm are joined end to end. Find the volume of the resulting cuboid.

34. Find the area of the quadrant of a circle of radius 7 cm .
[ Take $\pi=\frac{22}{7}$ ]
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## IV. Answer the following questions :

$$
9 \times 3=27
$$

35. The sum of first 9 terms of an Arithmetic progression is 144 and its 9th term is 28 then find the first term and common difference of the Arithmetic progression.
36. The diagonal of a rectangular field is 60 m more than its shorter side. If the longer side is 30 m more than the shorter side, then find the sides of the field.


In a right angled triangle, the length of the hypotenuse is 13 cm . Among the remaining two sides, the length of one side is 7 cm more than the other side. Find the sides of the triangle.
37. Prove that

$(\sin A+\operatorname{cosec} A)^{2}+(\cos A+\sec A)^{2}=7+\tan ^{2} A+\cot ^{2} A$.

## OR

Prove that: $\sec \theta(1-\sin \theta)(\sec \theta+\tan \theta)=1$.
38. Find the coordinates of the point on the line segment joining the points $A(-1,7)$ and $B(4,-3)$ which divides $A B$ internally in the ratio $2: 3$.


## OR



Find the area of triangle $P Q R$ with vertices $P(0,4), Q(3,0)$ and $R(3,5)$.
39. Find the mean for the following grouped data by Direct method :

|  | Class-interval | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10-20 | 2 |
|  | 20-30 | 3 |
|  | $30-40$ | 5 |
|  | $40-50$ | 7 |
|  | $50-60$ | 3 |
|  | OR |  |

Find the mode for the following grouped data :

|  | Class-interval | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $5-15$ | 3 |
|  | 15-25 | 4 |
|  | 25-35 | 8 |
|  | 35-45 | 7 |
|  | $45-55$ | 3 | $>$

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40．During a medical check－up of 50 students of a class，their heights were recorded as follows ：


Draw＂less than type＂ogive for the given data：

|  | Height in cm | Number of students <br> （Cumulative frequency ） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Less than 140 | 5 |
|  | Less than 145 | 10 |
|  | Less than 150 | 15 |
|  | Less than 155 | 25 |
|  | Less than 160 | 40 |
| 敟絲絲 | Less than 165 | 50 |



41．Prove that＂the lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal＂．


42．Construct two tangents to a circle of radius 3 cm from a point 8 cm away from its centre．

43．The volume of a solid right circular cylinder is $2156 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ．If the height of the cylinder is 14 cm ，then find its curved surface area．
［ Take $\pi=\frac{22}{7}$ ］

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V. Answer the following questions:
44. Find the solution of the given pair of linear equations by graphical method:


$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+2 y=6 \\
& x+y=5
\end{aligned}
$$


45. The angle of elevation of the top of a building from the foot of a tower is $30^{\circ}$ and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the foot of the building is $60^{\circ}$. Both the tower and building are on the same level ground. If the height of the tower is 50 m , then find the height of the building.


OR
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As observed from the top of a 75 m high light house from the sealevel, the angles of depression of two ships are $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$. If one ship is exactly behind the other on the same side of the light house, then find the distance between the two ships.

46. Construct a triangle with sides $4.5 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 8 cm . Then construct another triangle whose sides are $\frac{3}{4}$ of the corresponding sides of the first triangle.

47. In the figure $A X B$ and $C Y D$ are the arcs of two concentric circles with centre $O$. The length of the $\operatorname{arc} A X B$ is 11 cm . If $O C=7 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\angle A O B=30^{\circ}$, then find the area of the shaded region. [ Take $\pi=\frac{22}{7}$ ]
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VI. Answer the following question :
48. Prove that "the ratio of the areas of two similar triangles is equal to
the square of the ratio of their corresponding sides".

$\qquad$


