

**CCE PR  
NSR & NSPR**

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ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಪ್ರೌಢ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಪರೀಕ್ಷಾ ಮಂಡಳಿ, ಮಲ್ಲೇಶ್ವರಂ, ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು – 560 003  
KARNATAKA SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION BOARD, MALLESHWARAM,  
BANGALORE – 560 003

ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್.ಸಿ. ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ, ಜೂನ್ / ಜುಲೈ, 2022

S.S.L.C. EXAMINATION, JUNE / JULY, 2022

ಮಾದರಿ ಉತ್ತರಗಳು

**MODEL ANSWERS**

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 04. 07. 2022 ]

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **95-E**

Date : 04. 07. 2022 ]

CODE NO. : **95-E**

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ

**Subject : SOCIOLOGY**

( ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ / English Medium )

( ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್. & ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಪಿ.ಆರ್. )

( Private Repeater / NSR & NSPR )

[ ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 100

[ Max. Marks : 100

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
I.		<b>Four choices are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. 10 × 1 = 10</b>	
	1.	People of Russia were influenced by the theories of (A) Stalin (B) Rousseau (C) Karl Marx (D) Abraham Lincoln. Ans. (C) Karl Marx	1

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	2.	The effective medium that brings social change is (A) Telephone (B) Television (C) Education (D) Society. <i>Ans.</i> (C) Education	1
	3.	The author of the book 'Caste and Race in India' is (A) G. S. Ghurye (B) Gandhiji (C) Nehru (D) Dayanand Saraswati. <i>Ans.</i> (A) G. S. Ghurye	1
	4.	The founder of Jainism is (A) Mahaveera (B) Gautam Buddha (C) Ashoka (D) Harshavardhana. <i>Ans.</i> (A) Mahaveera	1
	5.	Home Rule league movement was started by (A) Indira Gandhi (B) Sarojini Naidu (C) Kamala Nehru (D) Annie Besant. <i>Ans.</i> (D) Annie Besant	1
	6.	Hunter Commission of 1882 had given importance to (A) better administrative system (B) reservation for Indians in politics (C) women education (D) reservation for Indians in employment. <i>Ans.</i> (C) Women Education	1
	7.	The book published by Verrier Elwin on the study of tribals is (A) The Bengal Gazette (B) Gulamgiri (C) Satyarthha Prakash (D) The Baiga. <i>Ans.</i> (D) The Baiga	1

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks																										
	8.	The Chairman of First Tribal Commission was (A) G. S. Ghurye (B) Dhebar (C) Takkar Bapa (D) Jawaharlal Nehru. Ans. (B) Dhebar	1																										
	9.	The one who published 'Kesari' newspaper (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar (C) Bal Gangadhar Tilak (D) Dayanand Saraswati. Ans. (C) Bal Gangadhar Tilak	1																										
	10.	The city that is famous as Silicon city in Karnataka (A) Mysore (B) Dharwad (C) Davangere (D) Bengaluru. Ans. (D) Bengaluru	1																										
<b>II.</b>	<b>11.</b>	<b>Match the following list 'A' with list 'B' and write it :</b>  <b>5 × 1 = 5</b>																											
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>a) Satyashodhak Samaj</td> <td>i) Swami Vivekananda</td> </tr> <tr> <td>b) Brahmo Samaj</td> <td>ii) Narayanaguru</td> </tr> <tr> <td>c) Arya Samaj</td> <td>iii) Jyothiba Phule</td> </tr> <tr> <td>d) Sri Ramakrishna Mission</td> <td>iv) Atmaram Panduranga</td> </tr> <tr> <td>e) Mahad tank movement</td> <td>v) Raja Rammohan Roy</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>vi) Dayanand Saraswati</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>vii) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Ans.</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>a) Satyashodhak Samaj</td> <td>iii) Jyothiba Phule</td> </tr> <tr> <td>b) Brahmo Samaj</td> <td>v) Raja Rammohan Roy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>c) Arya Samaj</td> <td>vi) Dayanand Saraswati</td> </tr> <tr> <td>d) Sri Ramakrishna Mission</td> <td>i) Swami Vivekananda</td> </tr> <tr> <td>e) Mahad tank movement</td> <td>vii) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	a) Satyashodhak Samaj	i) Swami Vivekananda	b) Brahmo Samaj	ii) Narayanaguru	c) Arya Samaj	iii) Jyothiba Phule	d) Sri Ramakrishna Mission	iv) Atmaram Panduranga	e) Mahad tank movement	v) Raja Rammohan Roy		vi) Dayanand Saraswati		vii) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	a) Satyashodhak Samaj	iii) Jyothiba Phule	b) Brahmo Samaj	v) Raja Rammohan Roy	c) Arya Samaj	vi) Dayanand Saraswati	d) Sri Ramakrishna Mission	i) Swami Vivekananda	e) Mahad tank movement	vii) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	5
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Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
III.		<b>Answer the following questions in a word or sentence each :</b> <b>15 × 1 = 15</b>	
	12.	Social change is an objective concept. Why ? <i>Ans.</i> Refers to definite and obvious processes.	1
	13.	How has science and technology brought improvement in agricultural methods ? <i>Ans.</i> Using machine tools.	1
	14.	What is Industrialization ? <i>Ans.</i> Use of machine tools instead of physical labour.	1
	15.	What is Pakka food ? <i>Ans.</i> Food cooked in Ghee	1
	16.	What is the contribution of Maharshi Karve to women education ? <i>Ans.</i> S.N.D.T. University	1
	17.	Who was the chairman of women wing of Indian National Army ? <i>Ans.</i> Colonel Lakshmi	1
	18.	What is a tribe according to S. F. Nadel ? <i>Ans.</i> Definite language, culture and political boundary.	1
	19.	How has Article 335 of our constitution helped tribal community ? <i>Ans.</i> Provides reservation in civil services.	1
	20.	What did Gandhiji call the tribal people ? <i>Ans.</i> Girijans	1

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	21.	Who started newspaper called Mukanayaka ? <i>Ans.</i> Dr. B. R. Ambedkar	1
	22.	Which are the two types of mass media ? <i>Ans.</i> → Print media → Electronic media.	1
	23.	What was the objective of starting Doordarshan initially ? <i>Ans.</i> To telecast rural development programmes.	1
	24.	Where were Radio Clubs established in India ? <i>Ans.</i> Kolkata and Chennai.	1
	25.	When was Indo-China war fought ? <i>Ans.</i> 1962	1
	26.	Which programme gave wide popularity to radio ? <i>Ans.</i> Vividh Bharati.	1
<b>IV.</b>		<b>Answer the following questions in about two to four sentences / points each : <span style="float: right;">24 × 2 = 48</span></b>	
	27.	Social change is indefinite. Why ? <i>Ans.</i> — There is no rule — Not possible to assume the exact direction.	2
	28.	Social change is planned and unplanned change. Justify. <i>Ans.</i> — Objective and momentum decided by man — controlled through planned programmes — floods, famines and other natural calamities control	2

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	29.	What are the uses of modernization ? <i>Ans.</i> — Civilization — Education — Earnings — Well cultured life.	2
	30.	How does the caste originate according to MacIver and Page ? <i>Ans.</i> — The status is wholly predetermined — Men are born to their lot without any hope of changing it.	2
	31.	List out the factors responsible for change in caste system. <i>Ans.</i> — Urbanization — Industrialization — Education — New job opportunities.	2
	32.	Mention the provisions of the Hindu Widow Remarriage Act during the British rule. <i>Ans.</i> — provision for marriage of widows — change in caste system.	2
	33.	What are the contributions of Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar for the upliftment of status of women ? <i>Ans.</i> — fought against restriction on widow remarriage — stress on women education — Widow Remarriage Act was passed on his advice.	2

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	34.	Name legislations regarding marriage in pre-independent India. <i>Ans.</i> — Sati Abolition Act, 1829 — Widow Remarriage Act, 1856 — Civil Marriage Act, 1872 — Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929	2
	35.	What are the measures undertaken to eradicate gender based discrimination in our constitution ? <i>Ans.</i> — Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 — Family Court Law, 1984 — Reservation in Parliament and Assembly — Many laws are implemented.	2
	36.	Which are the approaches framed by Government of India for Tribal development ? <i>Ans.</i> — Policy of Isolation — Policy of Assimilation — Policy of integration.	2
	37.	Explain the significance of Article 46 of our constitution. <i>Ans.</i> — protection from all kinds of exploitation — protecting educational and economic interests — social justice.	2
	38.	What are the advices of Second Commission for Scheduled Area and Tribes of 1996 ? <i>Ans.</i> — Forty-year plan — Development of tribal community.	2

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	39.	Earlier the common people were unable to possess Radios. Why ? <i>Ans.</i> — very costly — big in size.	2
	40.	How does cinema reflect the social values ? <i>Ans.</i> — life style — imitation of dressing style — quitting practice of superstitions — Fans Associations — imitation.	2
	41.	Modern education is an occupational achievement. Justify. <i>Ans.</i> — Training and skill based education — job oriented technical education — high income — consolidation of capital.	2
	42.	What are the effects of Industrialization ? <i>Ans.</i> — Urban development — New political system — Economic theories — Change in values.	2
	43.	What are the features of caste ? <i>Ans.</i> — Part of Hindu society — restrictions on food habits — restrictions on social relationship — restrictions on marriage — decides religious and social matters.	2



Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	44.	Caste is an obstacle for social change. How ? <i>Ans.</i> — decides social connections — decides marital relationship — decides religious and social issues — decides qualification of people in society.	2
	45.	Name the women freedom fighters of India. <i>Ans.</i> Sarojini Naidu, Kamaladevi, Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Leeladevi, Sushila Nayar, Durgabai Vedanta, Kamalamma etc.	2
	46.	How was women treated during the Muslim rule in India ? <i>Ans.</i> — Considered as second class citizens — Purdah system — Restriction on women in public places — Provision for second marriage.	2
	47.	Which are the different names of tribal community ? <i>Ans.</i> — Nomads — Uncivilized — Forest dwellers — Girijans.	2
	48.	Mention the reasons for the decline of tribal community. <i>Ans.</i> — Illiteracy — Lack of basic facilities — Negligence by Govt. — Forest policy.	2
	49.	What are the uses of computer in modern life ? <i>Ans.</i> — Paperless Administration — E-administration — Use of internet — E-mail — Industrialization — Quick transmission of information.	2

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	50.	What are the uses of mobile phone ? <i>Ans.</i> — Use of internet — Facebook — WhatsApp — Quick delivery of messages.	2
<b>V.</b>		<b>Answer the following questions in about five to six sentences / points each : <span style="float: right;">6 × 3 = 18</span></b>	
	51.	Education brings improvement in status of women. How ? <i>Ans.</i> — Treating men and women equally — Higher education — Increase in employed women — Economic independence — Increase in number of educated women.	3
	52.	Which factors are influenced by caste system ? <i>Ans.</i> — Social status — lifestyle — life opportunities — education — employment — politics — distribution of resources.	3
	53.	Name the women organizations which worked for the progress of women during the British period. <i>Ans.</i> — Arya Mahila Samaj and Sharada Sadan — Bharat Mahila Parishad — Bharat Stri Mahamandal — Sthriyara Bharathiya Sangha — Akhil Bharatiya Mahila Parishad — Kasturiba Gandhi Rastriya Smarak Pratisthan.	3

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
	54.	<p>Explain the factors which are responsible for change in tribal community.</p> <p><i>Ans.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Caste system</li> <li>— Deforestation</li> <li>— Urbanization</li> <li>— Programmes in the pretext of development</li> <li>— Developmental process</li> <li>— Family method of living</li> <li>— Food habits</li> <li>— Employment opportunities.</li> </ul>	3
	55.	<p>Mention the steps taken related to studies of tribal community by Karnataka Government.</p> <p><i>Ans.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Encouragement for studies on tribal community in universities</li> <li>— Department of Kannada and Culture</li> <li>— Kannada Sahithya Parishad</li> <li>— Karnataka Janapad and Yakshagana Academy</li> <li>— Kannada Pustaka Pradhikara</li> <li>— Publishing books</li> <li>— Special department in Hampi University</li> <li>— Seminars and lectures.</li> </ul>	3
	56.	<p>Mass media has brought changes in Indian marriage system. Explain.</p> <p><i>Ans.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Marrying in their own caste</li> <li>— Marrying bride who is selected by parents</li> <li>— Love marriage and inter-caste marriage</li> <li>— Searching their partners themselves</li> <li>— Change in traditional marriage.</li> </ul>	3

Qn. Nos.	Sub. Qn.No.	Value Points	Marks
VI.		<b>Answer the question in about eight to ten sentences / points : <span style="float: right;">1 × 4 = 4</span></b>	
	57.	What are the social legislations implemented for the welfare of women ? <i>Ans.</i> — Hindu Marriage Act — Hindu Succession Act — Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act — Special Marriage Act — Dowry Prohibition Act — Suppression of Immoral Trafficking Act among Women and Girls — Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act — The Criminal Law Amendment Act — Family Court Act.	4

